

# Post-Operative Rehabilitation Protocol for Biceps Tenodesis

These guidelines are designed to assist clinicians in managing the recovery process following biceps tenodesis surgery. The protocol is based on both time (dependent on tissue healing) and specific criteria. Interventions should be customized to meet individual needs, taking into account examination findings and clinical judgment. Expected outcomes may differ depending on the surgeon's preferences, additional procedures performed, and any complications. Clinicians should consult with the referring surgeon if there are any uncertainties about patient progression.

The interventions listed in this protocol are not exhaustive. Therapeutic strategies should be adapted based on the patient's progress and at the clinician's discretion.

#### Considerations for Post-Operative Biceps Tenodesis Rehabilitation

Several factors can affect the rehabilitation outcomes after biceps tenodesis, including pre-operative tissue quality, shoulder range of motion, arm strength, and function. Additional considerations include patient age and comorbidities such as increased BMI, smoking, and diabetes. Close collaboration with the referring physician is recommended to tailor range of motion or loading guidelines for each case.

#### **Post-Operative Complications**

If you experience any of the following symptoms; fever, unresolving numbness/tingling, excessive drainage from the incision, uncontrolled pain, or any other symptoms please contact your referring physician.

# PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP: Passive Range of Motion Phase

(WEEKS 1-4 AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul> <li>Protect repaired biceps tendon.</li> <li>Minimize shoulder pain and inflammatory response.</li> <li>Keep incisions clean and dry.</li> <li>Restore passive range of motion (PROM) of shoulder and elbow.</li> <li>Adequate scapular function.</li> </ul>
Sling	<ul> <li>Wear sling as directed by surgeon.</li> <li>Wean out of sling starting 3 weeks post-op</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No active range of motion (AROM) of the elbow or shoulder.</li> <li>No shoulder external rotation beyond 40 degrees.</li> <li>No shoulder extension or horizontal abduction past neutral.</li> <li>Place a towel roll or pillow under elbow while laying supine to avoid shoulder extension</li> <li>No lifting objects.</li> <li>No friction massage to the proximal biceps/tenodesis site.</li> </ul>
Interventions	Range of motion/Mobility • PROM of elbow for flexion/extension, supination/pronation. • AROM of wrist/hand • Shoulder PROM: avoid shoulder ER past 40 degrees and no shoulder extension beyond neutral Strengthening • Scapular retractions and mobility exercises • Ball squeezes



## PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP: Passive Range of Motion Phase

(WEEKS 1-4 AFTER SURGERY) CONTINUED

Criteria to	<ul> <li>Appropriate healing of surgical incision.</li> </ul>
Progress	• Adequate pain control.
	<ul> <li>Full PROM of shoulder and elbow.</li> </ul>

### PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP: ACTIVE RANGE OF MOTION PHASE (WEEKS 4-6 AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul> <li>Minimize shoulder pain and inflammatory response.</li> <li>Achieve gradual restoration of shoulder and elbow AROM.</li> <li>Begin light waist-level functional activities.</li> <li>Initial submaximal shoulder isometrics</li> <li>Return to light computer or desk work.</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting with affected upper extremity.</li> <li>No loading to biceps, elbow flexors, supinators.</li> <li>No friction massage to the proximal biceps tendon/tenodesis site.</li> <li>No running.</li> <li>Avoid over stressing repaired tissue with stretching or manual therapy</li> </ul>
Additional Intervention *Continue with Phase I interventions	Range of mation/Mobility         • Shoulder AAROM         • Lawn chair AAROM         • Shoulder ER         • Rail slides         • Wall slides         • Wall slides         • Shoulder AROM         • Shoulder AROM         • Standing scaption         • Shoulder FR in neutral         • Shoulder ER @ 90 degrees supported on table         • Elbow AROM         • Active elbow flexion         • Active elbow flexion         • Active elbow flexion         • Active elbow flexion         • Forearm supination         • Forearm pronation         Strengthening         • Shoulder Isometrics         • Flexion, extension, ER, IR, abduction         Manual Therapy         • Glenohumeral, scapulothoracic, and trunk joint mobilizations as indicated (Grade I-IV)         • Posterior capsule stretching         • Sleeper Stretch         Cardiovascular exercise         • Walking or stationary bike - avoid excessive weight bearing through affected arm. No distractive forces on shoulder



## PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP: ACTIVE RANGE OF MOTION PHASE

(WEEKS 4-6 AFTER SURGERY) CONTINUED

Criteria to Progress	<ul> <li>Full AROM of shoulder and elbow.</li> <li>Proper scapular mechanics with ROM and functional activities.</li> <li>Adequate pain control.</li> </ul>
	• Adequate pain control.

#### PHASE III: LATE POST-OP: INITIAL STRENGTHENING PHASE (WEEKS 6-8 AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul> <li>Normalize strength, endurance, neuromuscular control.</li> <li>Return to chest-level activities.</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No strengthening or functional activities until near full ROM is achieved.</li> <li>Avoid long-lever arm resistance for elbow flexion and supination.</li> </ul>
Additional Intervention *Continue with Phase I-II interventions	Strengthening <ul> <li>Continue shoulder and elbow PROM and AROM</li> <li>Initiate Resisted Biceps curls</li> <li>Initiate Resisted supination</li> <li>Resisted Triceps extension</li> <li>Resisted wrist extension/Resisted wrist flexion</li> <li>Continue shoulder isometrics <ul> <li>Progress resistance as tolerated</li> <li>Rhythmic stabilizations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Criteria to Progress	<ul> <li>Full shoulder and elbow AROM.</li> <li>Good tolerance to initial strengthening without increase in symptoms.</li> </ul>

### PHASE IV: ADVANCED STRENGTHENING (WEEKS 8-12 AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul> <li>Maintain full pain-free shoulder and elbow AROM.</li> <li>Progress shoulder and elbow strength. Focus on low load, high repetitions (30-50). Open and closed chain strengthening.</li> </ul>
Additional Intervention *Continue with Phase I-III interventions	<ul> <li>Strengthening</li> <li>Resisted IR in neutral</li> <li>Resisted ER in neutral</li> <li>Resisted shoulder IR in elevation</li> <li>Resisted shoulder ER in elevation</li> <li>Full can scapular plane arm elevation</li> <li>Side-lying ER</li> <li>Prone Rowing <ul> <li>o 30/45/90 degrees abduction</li> </ul> </li> <li>Push up plus progression (wall, counter, knees on floor, floor)</li> <li>Resisted PNF Diagonals</li> </ul> <li>Cardiovascular exercise <ul> <li>Can initiate return to running</li> <li>No swimming</li> </ul> </li>
Criteria to Progress	<ul> <li>5/5 shoulder and elbow strength.</li> <li>Full shoulder AROM in all planes.</li> <li>Good tolerance to strengthening exercise without increase in symptoms.</li> </ul>



## PHASE V: RETURN-TO-SPORT

(WEEKS 12-16 AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul> <li>Progress strength and function of involved upper extremity.</li> <li>Return to normal sport or work activities.</li> <li>Maintain pain-free ROM.</li> <li>Avoid excessive anterior capsule stress.</li> </ul>
Additional Intervention *Continue with Phase II-IV interventions	Strengthening/Sport Specific training • Initiate plyometric training starting with below shoulder level and progressing to overhead: Weighted ball drop/catch in standing, chest pass, overhead ball dribble against wall, prone 90/90 ball drop/catch, prone Y ball drop/catch, prone T ball drop/catch • Multi joint/compound strengthening • Interval return to sport specific training
Criteria to Progress	<ul> <li>No pain with progressive strengthening.</li> <li>90% strength of involved extremity compared to uninvolved side with dynamometry testing</li> <li>Within normal limits with field testing if applicable (e.g. closed kinetic chain upper extremity stability test, single arm seated shot-put test, ASH test/Modified ASH test).</li> <li>Low level to no disability with patient reported outcome measure (e.g. Quick DASH).</li> </ul>

For further assistance or to schedule an appointment, please contact **iOrtho - The Orthopedic Institute** at **833-464-6784** or visit our website at **iorthomd.com** to text/email us. Our team is dedicated to providing personalized care and guidance throughout your rehabilitation journey.